# **Practice Protocol: Posterior Tibial Tendonitis**

Nature: Sharp pain while weightbearing, Dull ache at the end of the day

Location: Medial ankle and foot

Onset: Gradual, can present after a long period of WB

Course: It gets progressively worse if not treated

Aggravating Factors: Walking barefoot, shoes with no support, increased activity

# **Testing:**

- 1. Double Heel Rise Test (Determines if the Rearfoot Valgus is Flexible)
- 2. Single Heel Rise Test (Confirms PTTD if patient cannot raise heel on affected side)
- 3. Too Many Toes Sign (Shows Abduction of Feet)
- 4. X-ray (used to evaluate foot position)
- 5. MRI (used to determine if there is a tendon tear)

# **Differential Diagnosis:**

- 1. Degenerative Joint Disease Subtalar/Talonavicular Joint
- 2. Fracture Navicular/Medial Malleolus
- 3. Deltoid Ligament Tear

# **Our Treatment Options**

### **Conservative**

- 1. Betterform/Custom Orthotics
- 2. Supportive Shoes/Molded Shoe
- 3. Oral NSAIDs
- 4. Bracing (Ritchey, Arizona, ASO)/Strapping/Unna Boot
- 5. CAM Walker
- 6. Physical Therapy

### **Surgical**

Stage 1: Primary Repair/Reinforcement of the Posterior Tibial Tendon

Stage 2: FDL Tendon Transfer, Calcaneal Osteotomy, Arthroeresis

Stage 3: TN Fusion, Medial Column Fusion, Calcaneal Osteotomy, Triple Arthrodesis

Stage 4: Triple Arthrodesis with Calcaneal Osteotomy



